

## Neath Port Talbot Council

### Annual audit summary 2020

This is our audit summary for Neath Port Talbot Council. It shows the work completed since the last Annual Improvement Report, which was issued in September 2019. Our audit summary forms part of the Auditor General for Wales' duties.

More information about these duties can be found on our [website](#).



## About the Council

### Some of the Services the Council provides



#### Key facts

The Council is made up of 63 councillors who represent the following political parties:

- Welsh Labour 38
- Plaid Cymru 15
- Independent Democrats 9
- Welsh National Party/Plaid Genedlaethol Cymru 1

The Council spent £307m on providing services during 2019-20, the 8th highest spend of the 22 unitary councils in Wales.

As at 31 March 2020 the Council had £59.1m of usable financial reserves. This is equivalent to 19% of the Council's annual spend on services, joint 9<sup>th</sup> highest percentage of the 22 unitary councils in Wales.

## Key facts

Neath Port Talbot County Borough Council has 14 (15%) of the areas deemed the most deprived 10% of areas in Wales, this is the 5<sup>th</sup> highest of the 22 unitary councils in Wales.<sup>1</sup>

Neath Port Talbot's population is projected to increase by 5.1% between 2020 and 2040 from 146,417 to 157,328, including a 1.8% decrease in the number of children, a 0.4% increase in the number of working age population and a 24.6% increase in the number of people aged 65 and over.<sup>2</sup>

## The Auditor General's duties

### We complete work each year to meet the following duties

- **Audit of Accounts**

Each year the Auditor General audits the Council's financial statements to make sure that public money is being properly accounted for.

- **Value for money**

The Council has to put in place arrangements to get value for money for the resources it uses, and the Auditor General has to be satisfied that it has done this.

- **Continuous improvement**

The Council also has to put in place arrangements to make continuous improvements, including related plans and reports, and the Auditor General has to assess whether the Council is likely to (or has) met these requirements.

- **Sustainable development principle**

Public bodies need to comply with the sustainable development principle when setting and taking steps to meet their well-being objectives. The Auditor General must assess the extent to which they are doing this.

<sup>1</sup> An area in this context is defined as a 'Lower Super Output Area'. Source: Stats Wales

<sup>2</sup> Source: Stats Wales



Since the Spring of 2020, the ongoing pandemic has affected our audit work. We recognise the huge strain on public services and have reshaped our work programme, and found new ways of working to reduce its impact on public bodies' response to COVID-19, while still meeting our statutory duties.



**To meet the Auditor General's duties we complete specific projects, but we also rely on other audit work, and the work of regulators such as Care Inspectorate Wales and Estyn (the education inspectorate). We take the findings of our audit work into account when assessing whether the council has put in place arrangements to secure value for money. Our findings and conclusions are summarised below.**

## What we found

### Audit of Neath Port Talbot County Borough Council's 2019-20 Accounts

Each year we audit the Council's financial statements.

#### For 2019-20:

- The Auditor General gave an unqualified true and fair opinion on the Council's financial statements on 15 September 2020, in line with the statutory deadline;
- The Council's Annual Governance Statement and Narrative Report were prepared in line with the CIPFA Code and relevant guidance. They were also consistent with the financial statements prepared by the Council and with our knowledge of the Council;
- The quality of the draft statements presented for audit on 29 May 2020 was generally good;
- A number of changes were made to the Council's financial statements arising from our audit work, which were reported to the Audit Committee in our Audit of Financial Statements Report in September 2020; and
- In addition to the Auditor General's responsibilities for auditing the Council's financial statements, he also has responsibility for the certification of a number of grant claims and returns. Our work to date has not identified any significant issues.
- The Auditor General issued the certificate confirming that the audit of accounts for 2019-20 has been completed.
- Key facts and figures from the 2019-20 financial statements can be accessed [here](#).

## **Well-being of Future Generations Examination – Regeneration (August 2020)**

The examination that we undertook in 2019-20 considered the extent to which the Council has acted in accordance with the sustainable development principle when taking steps to deliver strategic regeneration programmes. We concluded that the Council is designing its regeneration projects to improve well-being but there are opportunities to strengthen its application of the sustainable development principle. The report can be viewed [here](#).

## **Continuous Improvement**

The Auditor General certified that the Council has met its legal duties for improvement planning and reporting, and believes that it is likely to meet the requirements of the Local Government (Wales) Measure 2009 during 2020-21.

## **Financial Sustainability (March 2020)**

During 2019-20 we examined the financial sustainability of each council in Wales. In Neath Port Talbot Council, we concluded that the Council has a strong financial position and is therefore well placed to manage its financial sustainability over the medium term but some aspects of financial management could be strengthened. The report can be viewed [here](#).

## **National Fraud Initiative**

In October 2020, the Auditor General published his report on the findings of the latest National Fraud Initiative (NFI) data-matching exercise in Wales. The exercise helped public bodies in Wales, including the 22 unitary authorities, identify fraud and overpayments amounting to £8m. The report can be accessed on our website [here](#). NFI continues to be developed and in the forthcoming NFI exercise (NFI 2020-22), local authorities will have access to matches designed to help identify potential fraudulent applications for Covid-19 business support grants.

## **Review of Corporate Arrangements for Safeguarding (March 2020)**

We undertook this review to seek assurance that the Council has effective corporate arrangements in place for safeguarding. We concluded that the Council has corporate arrangements for safeguarding in place but needs to strengthen some areas. The report can be viewed [here](#).

## **Review of the Corporate Performance Management System (December 2020)**

The review examined whether Neath Port Talbot Council's Corporate Performance Management System (CPMS) is strengthening its arrangements for business planning, performance and risk management. We found that: the CPMS is helping to develop better links between corporate objectives and service business plans and improving the efficiency of performance reporting. However, this information could be used more effectively to support strategic direction and risk management arrangements still need strengthening.

## Other Inspectorates

We also took into account the reports of Care Inspectorate Wales (CIW) and Estyn as well as any subsequent actions taken by the Council in response. In January 2021, Estyn wrote to the Council's Chief Executive outlining the outcome of their review of Neath Port Talbot Council's work in supporting their learning communities in schools and pupil referral units (PRUs) during the period from March to October 2020. Also relevant is Estyn's national report, 'Local authority and regional consortia support for schools and PRUs in response to COVID-19 - Update report from June to November 2020', published in January 2021. The report can be viewed [here](#). CIW produced the 'Local authority annual performance review letter 2019/20: Neath Port Talbot Council'. This letter can be viewed [here](#).

## Local Government Studies

As well as local work at each council, each year we also carry out studies across the local government sector to make recommendations for improving value for money. Since the last annual improvement report we have published the following reports:

### The 'Front Door' to Social Care (September 2019)

We considered the effectiveness of the new 'front door' to social care, looking specifically at services for adults. We found that whilst councils are preventing social-care demand, information, advice and assistance are not consistently effective. The report can be viewed [here](#).

### Review of Public Services Boards (October 2019)

We inspected how Public Service Boards are operating; looking at their membership, terms of reference, frequency and focus of meetings, alignment with other partnerships, resources and scrutiny arrangements. We concluded that Public Services Boards are unlikely to realise their potential unless they are given freedom to work more flexibly and think and act differently. The report can be viewed [here](#).

### Progress in implementing the Violence Against Women, Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence Act (November 2019)

We examined how the new duties and responsibilities of the Violence against Women, Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence (Wales) Act are being rolled out and delivered. We found that victims and survivors of domestic abuse and sexual violence are often let down by an inconsistent, complex and fragmented system. The report can be viewed [here](#).

### Rough Sleeping in Wales – Everyone's Problem; No One's Responsibility (July 2020)

We looked at how well public services are responding to the issue of rough sleeping. Overall, we found that responding to COVID-19 is an opportunity for public bodies to start addressing long standing weaknesses in partnership working which has stopped them from tackling rough sleeping in the past. The report can be viewed [here](#).

## **Better Law Making (September 2020)**

This report draws on five reports published between 2019 and today looking at how local authorities are responding to the challenge of implementing new legislation. Implementation is a complex task which needs to be fully thought through by the Welsh Government and the Senedd whenever they bring forward and make any new legislation. The paper highlights the difficulties faced by local authorities and their public sector partners in implementing their new responsibilities. The report can be viewed [here](#).

## **Commercialisation in Local Government (October 2020)**

Councils have conducted commercial activity for a long time, and many councils are exploring additional commercial opportunities to mitigate against the financial pressures they face. Our report is specifically targeted at helping elected members and senior officers to examine and judge the potential impact on their organisations when considering whether to undertake commercialisation. It will also help councils to demonstrate how well they are discharging their value for money responsibilities. The report can be viewed [here](#).

## **Planned work for 2020-21**

We also looked at the key challenges and opportunities facing the Council. These risks could have an effect on the Council's ability to meet its legal obligations in relation to the sustainable development principle, the use of its resources and continuous improvement.

The most significant risk and issue facing councils and the wider public sector during 2020-21 is the COVID-19 pandemic. We have shaped our work to provide assurance and challenge in a way which helps to support the Council through this period. Our work for 2020-21 includes:

- recovery planning in response to the COVID-19 pandemic;
- Covid-learning project – helping to identify and share learning from the way in which public bodies have responded to the pandemic;
- assurance and risk assessment;
- a review of the Council's financial sustainability; and
- a review of workforce planning arrangements.

The Auditor General is independent of government, and is appointed by Her Majesty the Queen. The Auditor General undertakes his work using staff and other resources provided by the Wales Audit Office, which is a statutory board established for that purpose and to monitor and advise the Auditor General. The Wales Audit Office is held to account by the Senedd.

The Auditor General audits local government bodies in Wales, including unitary authorities, police, probation, fire and rescue authorities, national parks and community councils. He also conducts local government value for money studies and assesses compliance with the requirements of the Local Government (Wales) Measure 2009.

Beyond local government, the Auditor General is the external auditor of the Welsh Government and its sponsored and related public bodies, the Senedd Commission and National Health Service bodies in Wales.

Audit Wales is the non-statutory collective name for the Auditor General for Wales and the Wales Audit Office, which are separate legal entities with their own legal functions, as described above. Audit Wales is not a legal entity.

We welcome correspondence and telephone calls in Welsh and English. Corresponding in Welsh will not lead to delay. Rydym yn croesawu gohebiaeth a galwadau ffôn yn Gymraeg a Saesneg. Ni fydd gohebu yn Gymraeg yn arwain at oedi.

This document is also available in Welsh.